

ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA.			
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2026			
All amounts are in BRL			
Particulars	Note No.	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 Mar 2025
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	29,23,536	26,86,532
(b) Right-of-use assets	3	5,98,171	7,97,561
(b) Capital work in progress	3b	-	-
(c) Goodwill	5	-	-
(c) Other Intangible assets	4	41,22,476	79,15,176
(d) Intangible assets under development	7	-	-
(f) Investment in associate and Joint venture	8	-	-
(d) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	9	-	-
(i) Loans	5	3,96,483	2,48,061
(i) Other Financial Assets	6	50,098	2,49,720
(e) Deferred tax assets (net)	7	89,71,885	90,88,152
(f) Other non-current assets	8	3,20,721	3,20,721
Total Non-Current Assets		1,73,83,370	2,13,05,922
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	9	3,44,06,948	2,63,69,397
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade receivables	10	2,52,14,646	2,26,92,729
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	11	1,44,978	2,65,770
(iii) Loans	12	50,348	56,156
(iv) Other current financial assets	13	14,18,372	1,12,107
(c) Other current assets	14	16,49,593	34,62,500
Total Current Assets		6,28,84,885	5,29,58,659
TOTAL ASSETS		8,02,68,255	7,42,64,583
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	15	1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200
(b) Other Equity	16	(1,70,35,929)	(1,80,22,708)
		(40,15,729)	(50,02,508)
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Lease obligation	35	7,12,332	9,92,063
(ii) Other financial liabilities	17	2,18,505	3,02,262
(b) Provisions	18	15,53,017	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities		24,83,854	12,94,325
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	19	2,72,12,284	3,11,94,618
(ii) Trade payables	20	3,72,08,098	3,33,50,928
(iii) Lease obligation	35	2,79,731	2,38,623
(iv) Other financial liabilities	21	5,35,055	4,45,827
(b) Other current liabilities	22	1,56,70,545	1,19,06,419
(c) Provisions	23	8,94,417	7,92,801
(e) Current tax liabilities (Net)	24	-	43,550
Total Current Liabilities		8,18,00,130	7,79,72,766
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		8,02,68,255	7,42,64,583
See accompanying notes to the financial statements			
	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			
As per our report of event date		For and on behalf of the company	
EY Brazil			
Auditors			
		Assinado por:	Assinado por:
		Claudinei de Castro Vieira	Marcelo Ziani
		8C9B26A62A624406	A646F4CE925749D...
		Director	Director
		Campinas	Campinas
		Date: 15 May 2026	Date: 15 May 2026
Campinas			
Date: 15 May 2026			

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ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA.				
Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31 March 2026				
All amounts are in BRL				
Particulars	Note No	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025	
INCOME				
Revenue From Operations	25	12,46,73,839	10,58,48,292	
Other Income	26	42,30,759	65,121	
Total Income		12,89,04,598	10,59,13,413	
EXPENSES				
Cost of materials consumed	27	9,64,55,302	6,82,88,957	
Purchases of stock-in-trade	28	51,67,356	1,24,48,700	
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress & intermediates	29	(70,58,375)	(45,26,108)	
Employee benefits expense	30	1,21,90,681	1,07,11,334	
Finance costs	31	30,63,350	29,17,354	
Depreciation and amortization expense	32	43,94,760	7,95,013	
Other expenses	33	1,40,18,342	1,79,89,568	
Total expenses		12,82,31,416	10,86,24,818	
Profit / (loss) before tax		6,73,182	(27,11,405)	
Tax expense / (credit) :	34			
(i) Current tax		(6,43,947)	5,23,737	
(ii) Deferred tax		1,16,266	(26,63,268)	
Total Tax		(5,27,681)	(21,39,531)	
Profit / (Loss) for the period		12,00,863	(5,71,874)	
Other comprehensive income		-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year		12,00,863	(5,71,874)	
Earnings per equity share:	36			
(i) Basic		0.09	(0.04)	
(ii) Diluted		0.09	(0.04)	
See accompanying notes to the financial statements	2			
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.				
As per our report of event date		For and on behalf of the company		
EY Brazil				
Auditors				
		Assinado por:	Assinado por:	
		Claudinei de Castro Vieira	Marcelo Ziani	
		8CFB2CA62A624B6...	A646F4CE925749D...	
		Claudinei de Castro Vieira	Marcelo Ziani	
		Director	Director	
		Campinas	Campinas	
		Date: 15 May 2026	Date: 15 May 2026	
Campinas				
Date: 15 May 2026				

ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA. Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March, 2026 All amounts are in BRL		
Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2026	Year ended 31 March, 2025
Cash flow from Operating Activities		
Profit before tax	6,73,182	(27,11,405)
Adjustments for:		
Add: Finance Cost	30,63,350	29,17,354
Add: Depreciation and amortisation expense	43,94,760	7,95,013
Add: ESOP charge	1,00,490	(2,09,601)
Add: Unrealized exchange loss / (gain)	-	23,22,661
Operating profit before working capital changes	82,31,783	31,14,022
Change in working Capital		
(Increase) / decrease in inventories	(80,37,551)	(77,03,068)
(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables, loans and advances and other assets	(19,58,263)	32,40,353
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables, other payables and provisions	51,15,431	1,55,21,577
Net change in working capital	(48,80,382)	1,10,58,863
Cash generated from operations	33,51,400	1,41,72,885
Direct taxes (paid) / refund	5,53,212	(4,80,188)
Net cash generated from operating activities	A	39,04,612
Cash Flow from Investing activities		
Purchase of Property, plant & equipment & intangible assets	(6,39,674)	(6,01,666)
Net cash used in investing activities	B	(6,39,674)
Cash flow from Financing activities		
Borrowings repaid	(83,756)	(99,83,127)
Finance costs paid	(30,63,350)	(29,17,354)
Payment of principal portion of lease liability	(2,38,623)	(2,03,556)
Net cash used in investing activities	C	(33,85,730)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(A+B+C)	(1,20,792)
Opening Cash & cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	2,65,770	2,78,777
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,44,978	2,65,770
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with the Balance sheet		
Cash on hand	-	327
Balances with banks	1,44,978	2,65,442
Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet (Refer Note 11)	1,44,978	2,65,770
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.		
As per our report of event date EY Brazil Auditors	FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY	
	Assinado por: Claudinei de Castro Vieira 8CFB8CA62A624B6 Director & CEO Campinas Date: 15 May 2026	Assinado por: Marcelo Ziani A646F4CE925749D... Director Campinas Date: 15 May 2026
Campinas Date: 15 May 2026		

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ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA.									
Statement of Changes in Equity (SOCIE) for the year ended 31 March, 2026									
All amounts are in BRL									
(a) Equity share capital									
As at 31 March, 2026		As at 31 March, 2025							
No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount						
1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200						
-	-	-	-						
1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200						
(b) Other Equity									
As at 31 March, 2026		As at 31 March, 2025							
General reserve	Retained Earnings	ESOP reserve	Capital Reserve	Total	General reserve	Retained Earnings	ESOP reserve	Capital Reserve	Total
(2,10,51,036)	1,96,07,958	22,85,901	(1,88,65,532)	(1,80,22,708)	(2,10,51,036)	2,01,79,832	24,95,902	(2,56,55,708)	(2,40,31,408)
-	12,00,863	-	-	12,00,863	-	(5,71,874)	-	-	(5,71,874)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	1,00,490	-	1,00,490	-	-	-	67,90,176	67,90,176
-	(3,14,575)	-	-	(3,14,575)	-	-	(2,09,601)	-	(2,09,601)
(2,10,51,036)	2,04,94,247	23,86,392	(1,88,65,532)	(1,70,35,929)	(2,10,51,036)	1,96,07,958	22,85,901	(1,88,65,532)	(1,80,22,708)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.									
As per our report of event date									
EY Brazil									
Auditors									
Assinado por: Assinado por:									
Claudinei de Castro Vieira									
Director & CEO									
8CFB2C462A824B6									
Director of Castro Vieira									
Campanas									
Date: 15 May 2026									
Date: 15 May 2026									

ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Alivira Saude Animal Ltda ("the Company") (Name changed from Interchange Veterinária Indústria E Comércio Ltda w.e.f 20 January 2022) is a company duly organised and incorporated in accordance with the laws of Brazil and is engaged in the manufacturing of veterinary pharmaceuticals and animal health products.

2.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and as amended from time to time and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of services and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Brazilian Lira (BRL), which is the Company's functional currency.

2.4 Material Accounting Policies

i. Revenue Recognition

Sale of products

Revenue from sale of products is presented in the income statement within revenue from operations. The Company presents revenue net of indirect taxes in its statement of profit and loss. Sale of products comprise revenue from sales of products, net of sales returns, Turnover premium and customer discounts.

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and these benefits can be measured reliably. Further, revenue recognition requires that all significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods included in the transaction have been transferred to the buyer, and that Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold. Performance obligations are satisfied at one point in time, typically on delivery. Revenue is recognized when the Company transfers control over the product to the customers; control of a product refers to the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, that asset. The majority of revenue earned by the Company is derived from the satisfaction of a single performance obligation for each contract which is the sale of products.

Sales are measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. The amounts of turnover premium is estimated and accrued on each of the underlying sales transactions recognised.

Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

ii. Leases

Ind AS 116 supersedes Ind AS 17 Leases. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise most leases on the balance sheet.

The Company adopted Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective method of adoption with the date of initial application of 01 April 2019. Under this method, the standard is applied retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognised at the date of initial application.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

Leases previously accounted for as operating leases

The Company recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for those leases previously classified as operating leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The right-of-use assets for most leases were recognised based on the carrying amount as if the standard had always been applied, apart from the use of incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. In some leases, the right-of-use assets were recognised based on the amount equal to the lease liabilities, adjusted for any related prepaid and accrued lease payments previously recognised. Lease liabilities were recognised based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. The Right of Use asset are depreciated on a straight - line basis over the lease term.

The Company also applied the available practical expedients wherein it:

- Used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics,
- Relied on its assessment of whether leases are onerous immediately before the date of initial application,
- Applied the short-term leases exemptions to leases with lease term that ends within 12 months of the date of initial application,
- Excluded the initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application,
- Used hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contained options to extend or terminate the lease.

iii. Foreign currency transactions and translation

Transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which it arises.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange difference on capital expenditure are not capitalised but charged to the statement of profit and loss.

iv. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or erection of qualifying assets are added to the cost of those assets, until such time that the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. Qualifying assets are assets which take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

v. Employee Benefits

a) Short-term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are accrued based on the terms of employment when services are rendered by the employees and charged as an expense to the statement of profit and loss.

A liability is recognised for short-term employee benefit in respect of wages and salaries, annual leaves, medical and leave travel in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

b) Short-term employee benefits

The Company has post-employment benefits in the form of Social security which is administered through Local Laws. The company's cost for such social security is charged to the statement of profit and loss as and when employee renders related service.

vi Share-based compensation

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

vii Taxes on income

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income. Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

viii. Property, plant and equipment

a) Recognition and measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have significant cost in relation to total cost and different useful lives, they are recognised and depreciated separately.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land) less their residual values, using the straight-line method, over the useful lives

Nature of the assets	Useful life in years
Computers	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Plant and machinery	10 years
Lease hold property-development	25 years
Plant and machinery	10 years
Vehicles	5 years

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at financial year end, with the effect of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.

b) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of repairs and maintenance are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

c) Derecognition of property, plant and equipment

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

ix. Intangible assets

a) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company, which have finite useful lives, are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each financial year, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Cost includes any directly attributable incidental expenses necessary to make the assets ready for use.

Useful lives of intangible assets

Estimated useful lives of the intangible assets are as follow:

Nature of the assets	Useful life in years
Software	3-5
Product Licenses	10-15

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

b) Subsequent costs

Subsequent costs are capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditures, including expenditure on internally-generated intangibles, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

c) Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

x. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on First in First out basis, at purchase cost including other cost incurred in bringing consumables to their present location and condition.

xi. Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of each reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset, if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements. Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when economic inflow is probable.

xii. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when an entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All financial instruments are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

Purchase or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trade) are recognised on trade date.

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial instruments of the Company are classified in the following categories: non-derivative financial assets comprising amortised cost, debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), non-derivative financial liabilities at amortised cost or FVTPL and derivative financial instruments (under the category of financial assets or financial liabilities) at FVTPL.

The classification of financial instruments depends on the objective of the business model for which it is held. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

xiii Impairment

a) Financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss. The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivable.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting period, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. Lifetime ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

(i) All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument;

(ii) Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss on portfolio of its trade receivable. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in forward-looking estimates are analysed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income / expense in the statement of profit and loss. This amount is reflected under the head other expenses in the statement of profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivables. ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

b) Non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets is impaired. If any such impairment exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to determine extent of impairment, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

xiv Earnings per share

Basic EPS is computed by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic EPS and also weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for bonus shares, as appropriate.

xv Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

xvi Segment

Segments have been identified taking into account the nature of services, the differing risks and returns, the organisational structure and the internal reporting system.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

xvii Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when:

- It is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- It is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

xviii Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

2A. Use of estimates and management judgments

In application of the accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements used in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

i Deferred tax

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

ii. Fair value

Management uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of financial instruments where active market quotes are not available. In applying the valuation techniques, management makes maximum use of market inputs and uses estimates and assumptions that are, as far as possible, consistent with observable data that market participants would use in pricing the instrument. Where applicable data is not observable, management uses its best estimate about the assumptions that market participants would make. These estimates may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

iii. Provisions and contingencies

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the reporting date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore vary from the figure estimated at end of each reporting period.

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ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA.
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2026
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Note 3a : Property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress

Particulars	Lease hold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Right-of-use assets	Plant and machinery	Total
Cost or deemed cost						
Balance as on 01 April, 2024	5,14,099	8,25,841	3,25,902	21,00,884	27,77,896	65,44,622
Assets acquired	2,314	57,566	81,102	-	4,60,685	6,01,666
Less: Deletions	-	3,355	-	-	-	3,355
Balance as on 31 March, 2025	5,16,413	8,80,051	4,07,004	21,00,884	32,38,581	71,42,933
Assets acquired	59,174	41,735	2,32,579	-	3,11,655	6,45,143
Less: Deletions	-	-	3,608	-	36,862	40,470
Balance as on 31 March, 2026	5,75,587	9,21,787	6,35,975	21,00,884	35,13,374	77,47,607

Particulars	Lease hold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Right-of-use assets	Plant and machinery	Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance as on 01 April, 2024	74,708	5,20,999	2,39,727	11,03,933	11,77,619	31,16,986
Depreciation expense for the year	22,499	50,223	35,145	1,99,390	2,37,756	5,45,013
Less: Deletions	-	3,159	-	-	-	3,159
Balance as on 31 March, 2025	97,207	5,68,063	2,74,872	13,03,323	14,15,375	36,58,839
Depreciation expense for the year	19,668	46,797	61,681	1,99,390	2,74,525	6,02,061
Less: Deletions	-	-	-	-	35,000	35,000
Balance as on 31 March, 2026	1,16,875	6,14,860	3,36,553	15,02,713	16,54,900	42,25,900

Particulars	Lease hold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Right-of-use assets	Plant and machinery	Total
Carrying amount						
Balance as on 31 March, 2025	4,19,206	3,11,988	1,32,132	7,97,561	18,23,206	34,84,093
Balance as on 31 March, 2026	4,58,712	3,06,927	2,99,423	5,98,171	18,58,475	35,21,707

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All amounts are in BRL

Note 4: Other Intangible assets

Particulars	Product Licenses	Brands	Total
Cost or deemed cost			
Balance as on 31 March, 2024	25,00,000	-	25,00,000
Assets acquired / adjustments	1,48,44,348	28,69,154	1,77,13,502
Balance as on 31 March, 2025	1,73,44,348	28,69,154	2,02,13,502
Adjustments	-	-	-
Assets acquired	-	-	-
Balance as on 31 March, 2026	1,73,44,348	28,69,154	2,02,13,502

Particulars	Product Licenses	Brands	Total
Accumulated amortisation			
Balance as on 31 March, 2024	11,25,000	-	11,25,000
Amortisation expense for the year / adjustments	94,04,013	17,69,312	1,11,73,325
Balance as on 31 March, 2025	1,05,29,013	17,69,312	1,22,98,325
Adjustments			-
Amortisation expense for the year	32,18,872	5,73,828	37,92,700
Balance as on 31 March, 2026	1,37,47,885	23,43,140	1,60,91,025

Particulars	Product Licenses	Brands	Total
Carrying amount			
Balance as on 31 March, 2025	68,15,334	10,99,842	79,15,177
Balance as on 31 March, 2026	35,96,462	5,26,014	41,22,477

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Note no	Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
5	Non current Loan		
	Loan to Others	2,61,849	2,48,061
	Security Deposits	1,34,633	
		<u>3,96,483</u>	<u>2,48,061</u>
6	Other Non current Financial Assets		
	Security Deposits	-	1,34,633
	Social Security Contingent liability	50,098	1,15,087
		<u>50,098</u>	<u>2,49,720</u>
7	Deferred tax assets (net)		
	On account of Leases	1,33,923	1,47,263
	On account of ESOP	0	7,77,206
	On account of Goodwill	5,97,391	10,75,303
	On Carry forward of losses	82,40,571	70,88,379
		<u>89,71,885</u>	<u>90,88,152</u>
8	Other non-current assets		
	Balances with government authorities	3,20,721	3,20,721
		<u>3,20,721</u>	<u>3,20,721</u>
9	Inventories (At lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	Raw materials	1,35,23,511	1,24,76,375
	Packing materials	6,86,465	7,54,426
		<u>1,42,09,976</u>	<u>1,32,30,800</u>
	Work-in-progress and intermediates	2,22,595	2,98,313
	Finished goods	31,53,506	60,31,086
	Goods-in transit - FG	1,42,81,111	55,28,164
		<u>1,76,57,212</u>	<u>1,18,57,563</u>
	Trading Goods	25,39,760	12,81,034
		<u>3,44,06,948</u>	<u>2,63,69,397</u>
	During the year ended 31 March 2026 BRL: 174,667 (31 March 2025 BRL: 43,318) was recognised as an expense towards provision for slow moving, expired and near expiry inventories		
10	Trade receivables		
	(a) Unsecured, considered good	2,52,14,646	2,26,92,729
	(b) Unsecured, considered doubtful	3,92,665	3,92,665
		<u>2,56,07,311</u>	<u>2,30,85,394</u>
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(3,92,665)	(3,92,665)
		<u>2,52,14,646</u>	<u>2,26,92,729</u>

As on 31st March 2026

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good - Non Related Party	-	2,51,58,979	48,207	-	-	-	-	2,52,07,186
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good - Related Party	-	7,460	-	-	-	-	-	7,460
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,92,665	3,92,665
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,92,665)
Total	-	2,51,66,439	48,207	-	-	-	3,92,665	2,52,14,646

As on 31st March 2025

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	2,23,82,624	23,800	-	-	-	-	2,24,06,424
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,92,665	3,92,665
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,86,305	2,86,305
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,92,665)
Total	-	2,23,82,624	23,800	-	-	-	6,78,970	2,26,92,729

11	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	-	327
	Balances with banks		
	- In current accounts	1,44,978	2,65,442
		<u>1,44,978</u>	<u>2,65,770</u>
12	Loans		
	Unsecured, considered good;		
	Advances to employees	20,601	26,601
	Loans to others	29,747	29,555
		<u>50,348</u>	<u>56,156</u>

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2026
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Note no	Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
13	Other current financial assets		
	Advance Income-Tax including tax deducted at source	14,18,372	95,414
	Derivative Asset	-	16,693
		14,18,372	1,12,107
14	Other current assets		
	Advance to suppliers	90,566	2,10,444
	Balances with government authorities	11,42,558	31,34,569
	Prepaid expenses	3,84,337	81,741
	Others	32,132	35,747
		16,49,593	34,62,500
15	Share capital		
(a)	Authorised		
	1,30,39,500 equity shares (March 31, 2025: 1,30,39,500 equity shares) of BRL 1 each	1,30,39,500	1,30,39,500
(b)	Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up		
	1,30,20,200 equity shares (March 31, 2025: 1,30,20,200 equity shares) of BRL 1 each	1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200
		1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200
Notes:			
(i) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:			
Particulars		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Equity shares		Nos of Shares	Amount
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year		1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200
Add: Shares issued during the year		-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year		1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200
(ii) Terms/rights attached to equity shares			
In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.			
(iii) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares			
Equity shares		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Name of the shareholder		Nos of Shares	% of Holding
Alivira, Brazil		1,30,20,200	100.00%
		As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
16	Other Equity		
	a) Retained earnings	2,04,94,247	1,96,07,958
	b) General reserve	(2,10,51,036)	(2,10,51,036)
	c) Esop reserve	23,86,392	22,85,901
	d) Other reserve	(1,88,65,532)	(1,88,65,532)
		(1,70,35,929)	(1,80,22,708)
17	Other financial liabilities		
	Social Security Contingent liability	2,41,613	3,02,262
	Unsecured Judicial Recovery	(23,108)	-
		2,18,505	3,02,262
18	Long Term Provisions		
	Tax Contingence Provision	15,53,017	-
		15,53,017	-
19	Financial Liabilities - Short term borrowings		
	Loans repayable on demand		
	Secured loan		
	From bank	-	1,85,100
	Unsecured loan		
	From related party (refer note below)	2,72,12,284	2,74,42,576
	Current maturities of long-term debt	-	35,66,942
		2,72,12,284	3,11,94,618
Note :-			
Loan from Alivira Animal Health Limited, Ireland has interest rate of 10.30% p.a.			

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ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA.
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2026
All amounts are in BRL

Note no	Particulars	As at						
		31 March 2026	31 March 2025					
20	Trade Payable							
	Trade payable	3,72,08,098	3,33,50,928					
		<u>3,72,08,098</u>	<u>3,33,50,928</u>					
As on 31st March 2026								
Particulars		Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
				Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Others		-	3,39,38,377	-	-	-	-	3,39,38,377
(ii) Related Party		-	32,69,721	-	-	-	-	32,69,721
(iii) Disputed dues - Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	3,72,08,098	-	-	-	-	3,72,08,098
As on 31st March 2025								
Particulars		Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
				Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Others		-	2,86,49,974	47,00,954	-	-	-	3,33,50,928
(ii) Disputed dues - Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	2,86,49,974	47,00,954	-	-	-	3,33,50,928
21	Other Current financial Liabilities							
	Derivative Instrument					2,67,666		4,45,827
	Other current liabilities					2,67,389		-
						<u>5,35,055</u>		<u>4,45,827</u>
22	Other Current Liabilities							
	Statutory remittances					4,29,467		9,29,760
	Advances from customers					1,52,41,078		1,09,76,659
						<u>1,56,70,545</u>		<u>1,19,06,419</u>
23	Short term provisions							
	Provision for compensated absences					8,94,417		7,92,801
						<u>8,94,417</u>		<u>7,92,801</u>
24	Current tax liabilities (Net)							
	Provision for taxation					-		43,550
						<u>-</u>		<u>43,550</u>

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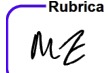
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ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA.**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2026****All amounts are in BRL**

Note no	Particulars	Year Ended 31st March 2026	Year Ended 31st March 2025
25	Revenue from Operations		
	Gross Sale	12,79,87,171	10,70,91,359
	Less: Sale Return	33,13,332	12,43,067
		12,46,73,839	10,58,48,292
26	Other Income		
	Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translation	12,58,849	-
	Other Miscellaneous income	29,71,910	65,121
		42,30,759	65,121
27	Cost of materials consumed		
	Opening stock	1,32,30,800	1,00,53,841
	Add: Purchases	9,74,34,477	7,14,65,916
	Less: Closing stock	1,42,09,975	1,32,30,800
		9,64,55,302	6,82,88,957
28	Purchases of stock-in-trade		
	Purchases of stock-in-trade	51,67,356	1,24,48,700
		51,67,356	1,24,48,700
29	Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress & intermediates		
	Opening stock		
	Work-in-progress and intermediates	2,98,313	22,691
	Finished goods	1,28,40,283	85,89,798
		1,31,38,596	86,12,489
	Closing stock		
	Work-in-progress and intermediates	2,22,595	2,98,313
	Finished goods	1,99,74,376	1,28,40,283
		2,01,96,971	1,31,38,597
	Net (increase) / decrease	(70,58,375)	(45,26,108)
30	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries and wages	57,31,478	50,62,597
	Contribution to funds/other funds	23,80,288	21,39,572
	Employee Stock option scheme	1,00,490	(2,09,601)
	Staff welfare expenses	39,78,425	37,18,766
		1,21,90,681	1,07,11,334
31	Finance costs		
	Interest expense	28,22,987	26,56,260
	Other borrowing costs	60,450	46,114
	Interest on lease liabilities	1,79,913	2,14,980
		30,63,350	29,17,354

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ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA.**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2026****All amounts are in BRL**

Note no	Particulars	Year Ended 31st March 2026	Year Ended 31st March 2025
32	Depreciation and amortization expense		
	Depreciation on Tangible Assets	4,02,670	3,45,623
	Depreciation on right-of-use assets	1,99,390	1,99,390
	Amortisation of Intangible Assets	37,92,700	2,50,000
		43,94,760	7,95,013
33	Other expenses		
	Travel expenses	9,90,180	7,72,964
	Communication expenses	62,206	84,087
	Contract labour charges	48,848	58,412
	Legal and Professional charges	13,01,293	15,43,523
	Freight and forwarding	25,02,962	32,82,269
	Power and fuel	2,14,011	3,40,169
	Rent	5,55,596	5,04,587
	Analytical charges	6,14,913	4,97,411
	Repairs to buildings	1,49,235	1,05,441
	Repairs to machinery	5,39,426	4,66,578
	Repairs to others	1,17,328	99,454
	Research & Development	11,13,119	8,56,294
	Insurance	49,469	39,675
	Commission on sales	22,90,114	23,41,943
	Production Waste Disposal	44,883	35,371
	Water & Sewage	1,66,783	1,57,754
	Other Office Expenses	5,17,890	4,99,002
	Advertisement and selling expenses	8,67,151	6,78,769
	Rates and taxes	3,19,919	3,63,720
	Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translation	-	52,61,798
	Other expenses	15,53,017	350
		1,40,18,342	1,79,89,568
34	Tax expense		
	Current tax	(6,43,947)	5,23,737
	Deferred tax	1,16,266	(26,63,268)
		(5,27,681)	(21,39,531)

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ALIVIRA SAUDE ANIMAL LTDA.**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2026****All amounts are in BRL****35 Details of leasing arrangements**

The Company's significant leasing arrangement is mainly in respect of office premises, fork lift, Lift platform & Server; the aggregate lease rent payable on these leasing arrangements charged to Statement of Profit and Loss is BRL 4,18,536

The following is the movement in lease liabilities:

Particulars	1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026	1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025
Opening Balance	12,30,686	14,34,242
Accretion of interest	1,79,913	2,14,980
Payments	(4,18,536)	(4,18,536)
Closing Balance	9,92,063	12,30,686
Current	2,79,731	2,38,623
Non-current	7,12,332	9,92,063

The effective interest rate for lease liabilities is 16%, with maturity till Mar,2029

The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:

	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets (Refer Note 32)	1,99,390	1,99,390
Interest expense on lease liabilities (Refer Note 31)	1,79,913	2,14,980
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	3,79,303	4,14,370

36 Earnings per share

Particulars	1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026	1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025
Net profit for the period as per statement of profit and loss	12,00,863	(5,71,874)
Net profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders	12,00,863	(5,71,874)
Weighted average number of equity shares	1,30,20,200	1,30,20,200
Earnings per share - Basic	0.09	(0.04)
Earnings per share - Diluted	0.09	(0.04)

37 Segment information

Segments have been identified taking into account the nature of operations, the differing risks and returns, the organisational structure and the internal reporting system

Primary segment: Business segment

The Company is mainly engaged in the business of Manufacturing, trading and marketing of Pharmaceutical products. Considering the nature of business and financial reporting of the Company, the Company has only one business segment viz; Pharmaceuticals as primary reportable segment. All the activities of the Company are in Latin America.

38 Contingent liabilities and commitments**(i) Contingent liabilities**

There is no contingent liabilities and commitments as at 31st March 2026

(ii) Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances) as at 31st March 2026 : Nil
(31st March 2025: Nil)

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2026

All amounts are in BRL

39 Reconciliations of tax expenses and details of deferred tax balances
A) Income tax expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss
i) Income tax expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss

	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Current tax	(6,43,947)	5,23,737
Total (I)	(6,43,947)	5,23,737
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	1,16,266	(26,63,268)
Total (II)	1,16,266	(26,63,268)
Provision for tax of earlier years Provided (III)	-	-
Total (IV = I+II+III)	(5,27,681)	(21,39,531)

The current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each reporting period.

B) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

The reconciliation between the statutory income tax rate applicable to the Company and the effective income tax rate of the Group is as follows:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Profit before tax	6,73,182	(27,11,405)
Statutory income tax rate	34.00%	34.00%
Tax as per applicable tax rate	2,28,882	(9,21,878)
Differences due to:		
- Exempted income	(6,22,117)	-
- Additional weighted deduction on R&D expenditure	(3,61,948)	-
- ESOP expenses allowed based on exercise	7,77,207	-
- Goodwill	-	(12,23,188)
- Others	(5,49,705)	5,535
Income tax expenses charged to the statement of profit and loss	(5,27,681)	(21,39,531)
Effective tax rate	-78.4%	78.9%

C) Movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities

31 March 2026			
	As at 01 April 2025	Credit / (charge) in the statement of profit and loss	As at 31 March 2026
- Right-of-use assets (^)	1,47,263	(13,339)	1,33,924
Tax assets / (liabilities)	1,47,263	(13,339)	1,33,924
- Unabsorbed depreciation and carried forward of losses	70,88,380	11,52,191	82,40,571
- Employee Stock Option	7,77,207	(7,77,207)	-
- On account of Goodwill	10,75,303	(4,77,913)	5,97,390
Net tax assets / (liabilities)	90,88,152	(1,16,268)	89,71,885

31 March 2025			
	As at 01 April 2024	Credit / (charge) in the statement of profit and loss	As at 31 March 2025
- Right-of-use assets (^)	1,48,679	(1,416)	1,47,263
Tax assets / (liabilities)	1,48,679	(1,416)	1,47,263
- Unabsorbed depreciation and carried forward of losses	39,24,949	31,63,431	70,88,380
- Employee Stock Option	8,48,471	(71,264)	7,77,207
- On account of Goodwill	15,02,785	(4,27,483)	10,75,303
Net tax assets / (liabilities)	64,24,884	26,63,268	90,88,152

(^) Opening balances is on account of transition impact of Ind AS 116.

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40 Financial instruments
The carrying value / fair value of financial instruments by categories are as follows:

Carrying value & fair value		
Financial assets	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Measured at amortised cost		
Loans	4,46,831	3,04,217
Trade receivables	2,52,14,646	2,26,92,729
Cash and cash equivalents	1,44,978	2,65,770
Other financial assets	14,68,469	3,61,827
Total	2,72,74,925	2,36,24,543
Financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost		
Borrowings (including current maturity)	2,72,12,284	3,11,94,618
Trade payables	3,72,08,098	3,33,50,928
Lease Liabilities	9,92,063	12,30,686
Other financial liabilities	7,53,560	7,48,089
Total	6,61,66,005	6,65,24,321

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40.1 Financial risk management objective and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the company's operations. The company's principal financial assets include investments, loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and deposits that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the company's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

Risk management framework
The company's activities makes it susceptible to various risks. The company has taken adequate measures to address such concerns by developing adequate systems and practices. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of markets and seeks to manage the impact of these risks on the company's financial performance.

40.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises principally from trade receivables. Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to customers, including outstanding accounts receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company monitors the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by credit-rating agencies.

The Company's trade and other receivables are actively monitored to review creditworthiness of the customers to whom credit terms are granted and also avoid significant concentrations of credit risks.

Given below is ageing of trade receivable spread by period of six months:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Outstanding for more than 6 months	-	-
Not due or due for less than 6 months	2,52,07,186	2,26,92,729
Total	2,52,07,186	2,26,92,729

Information about major Customer
Major customers has total exposure in sales of (BRL 4,07,05,189 of total sales) in current year and (BRL 2,85,44,971 of total sales) in FY 2024-25. The receivables from major customers are (BRL 1,68,69,236 of total receivable) in current year and (BRL 1,27,02,449 of total receivable) in FY 2024-25. Apart from the aforesaid customers, the Company does not have a significant credit risk exposure to any other external counterparty.

40.3 Liquidity risk

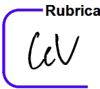
Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company reputation.

The Company has an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of short, medium and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Borrowings (including current maturity of long-term borrowings)	2,72,12,284	-	-	2,72,12,284
Trade payables	3,72,08,098			3,72,08,098
Lease Liabilities	2,79,731	3,27,921	3,84,412	9,92,063
Other financial liabilities	5,35,055		2,18,505	7,53,560

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Borrowings (including current maturity of long-term borrowings)	3,11,94,618	-	-	3,11,94,618
Trade payables	3,33,50,928			3,33,50,928
Lease Liabilities	2,38,623	2,79,731	7,12,332	12,30,686
Other financial liabilities	4,45,827	-	3,02,262	7,48,089

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40.4 Market risk
Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk arises mainly from debt. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because the fair value of fixed rate borrowings and the cash flows associated with floating rate borrowings will fluctuate with changes in interest rates.

The Company is also exposed to foreign currency risk on certain transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency; hence exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. The risk is that the functional currency value of cash flows will vary as a result of movements in exchange rates.

Foreign currency Risk:
Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency). The Company manages its foreign currency risk by hedging transactions that are expected to occur within a maximum 12-month period for hedges of forecasted purchase.

a) Foreign currency risk exposure from financial instruments are given below

Foreign currency	31 March 2026		31 March 2025	
	Receivables / (payables)	Receivables / (payables) in foreign currency	Receivables / (payables)	Receivables / (payables) in foreign currency
EURO	-	-	(56,544)	(9,121)
USD	1,75,46,274	33,34,959	(2,24,67,289)	(39,09,122)
USD	6,17,500	1,16,518	2,05,728	35,795
Net exposure	1,81,63,775		(2,23,18,104)	

b) Derivative financial instruments
Derivative transactions are undertaken to act as economic hedges for the Company's exposures to various risks in foreign exchange markets and may / may not qualify or be designated as hedging instruments.

(i) Outstanding forward exchange contracts entered into by the Company as at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

Currency	Amount in US \$ million			
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025	Buy / Sell	Cross currency
USD	20,00,000	30,00,000	Buy	BRL

Foreign currency Risk:
Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency). The Company manages its foreign currency risk by hedging transactions that are expected to occur within a maximum 12-month period for hedges of forecasted sales.

c) Foreign currency sensitivity analysis
The Company is mainly exposed to currency fluctuation of USD and Euro.
The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the BRL against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for 10% change in foreign currency rates. A positive numbers below indicates an increase in profit or equity where the BRL strengthens 10% against the relevant currency. For a 10% weakening of the BRL against the relevant currency, there would be a comparable impact on the profit or equity, and the balance below would be negative.

	Impact on profit or loss and total equity	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
10% decrease in foreign currency		
Currency of Europe (Euro)	-	5,654
Currency of U.S.A (USD)	18,01,464	22,26,156
10% increase in foreign currency		
Currency of Europe (Euro)	-	(5,654)
Currency of U.S.A (USD)	(18,01,464)	(22,26,156)

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

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d) Interest rate risk exposure

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments are as follows:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Fixed-rate instruments		
Financial liabilities		
-Borrowings from bank	-	1,85,100
-Borrowings from related party	2,72,12,284	2,74,42,576
-Borrowings from others	-	-
	2,72,12,284	2,76,27,676
Variable-rate instruments		
Financial liabilities		
-Borrowings from bank	-	30,10,052
-Borrowings from related party	-	-
-Borrowings from others	-	5,56,891
Total	-	35,66,942

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

Effect	Profit or loss	
	100 bps (increase)	100 bps decrease
31 March 2026		
Variable-rate instruments	-	-
	-	-
31 March 2025		
Variable-rate instruments	(35,669)	35,669
	(35,669)	35,669

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40.5 Capital management

For the purpose of Company’s capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity share holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company’s capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

The Company manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Company will be able to continue as going concerns while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Company consists of net debt (offset by cash and bank balances) and total equity of the Company.

The Company’s gearing ratio at end of each reporting year is as follows:

	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Debt (i)	2,72,12,284	3,11,94,618
Cash and bank balances (ii)	1,44,978	2,65,770
Net debt (i) - (ii)	2,70,67,306	3,09,28,848
 Equity attributable to owners of the Company	 (40,15,729)	 (50,02,508)
 Gearing ratio : Net debt / Equity.	 NA	 NA

(i) Debt is defined as long-term (including current maturity on long-term borrowings) and short-term borrowings

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- 41 Related Party Disclosures:
- A List of related parties:
- i) Holding company:
Alivira Saude Animal Do Brasil Participacoes LTDA.
Alivira Animal Health Limited, Ireland (Holding company of Alivira Saude Animal Do Brasil Participacoes LTDA.)
Alivira Animal Health Limited, India (Holding company of Alivira Animal Health Limited, Ireland)
Viyash Scientific Limited, India (Ultimate Holding Company)
- ii) Fellow Subsidiary :
Expeden Distribuidora de Produtos Veterinarios Ltda (Formerly known as Evanvet Distribuidora de Produtos Veterinarios Ltda)
Laboratorios Karizoo SA, Spain
Phytotherapic Solutions S.L.
Provet Veteriner Ürünleri San. ve Tic. A.Ş.
- iii) Key Management Personnel
Claudinei de Castro Vieira (Director & Chief Executive officer)
Marcelo Ziani (Director)
Eduardo Arrelaro (Financial Head)
- iv) Enterprises owned or Significantly influenced by individuals who have control / significant influence over the Company
Fitch Participacoes Ltda
Ares Holding LTDA

A. Transaction during the period		
Nature of Transactions	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
(i) Sales of materials Expeden Distribuidora de Produtos Veterinarios Ltda	4,30,81,479	3,09,68,028
(ii) Interest Expenses Alivira Animal Health Limited, Ireland	23,57,584	14,76,006
(iii) Legal & professional Expenses Laboratorios Karizoo SA, Spain	2,86,010	4,73,179
(iv) Purchase of materials Phytotherapic Solutions S.L. Provet Veteriner Ürünleri San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Alivira Animal Health Limited, India	- 19,93,722 72,11,785	3,76,692 - 47,24,188

B. Balance as at balance sheet date:		
Nature of Transactions	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
(i) Creditors balance Laboratorios Karizoo SA, Spain Alivira Animal Health Limited, India	- 32,69,721	55,990 26,10,184
(ii) Debtors balance Expeden Distribuidora de Produtos Veterinarios Ltda	7,460	70,647
(iii) Advance from Customer Expeden Distribuidora de Produtos Veterinarios Ltda	1,51,94,242	1,08,78,831
(iv) Loan Outstanding Alivira Animal Health Limited, Ireland	2,72,12,284	2,74,42,576

As per our report of event date
EY Brazil
Auditors

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

Assinado por:

Claudinei de Castro Vieira

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Claudinei de Castro Vieira
Director & CEO
Campinas
Date: 15 May 2026

Assinado por:

Marcelo Ziani

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Marcelo Ziani
Director
Campinas
Date: 15 May 2026

Campinas
Date: 15 May 2026

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